## Doctor in Society (DIS) Stream

Y3 S2 - Module - DIS 3 (Maternal and Child Health, Occupational Health and Disease prevention) Credits -3

Topic	Time		Dept	Resp Person	Teaching method/s
Introduction to MOH area	2 hours	Students should be able to	СМ	Dr.SN	Lecture
		Describe the administrative scheme of MOH system in Sri Lanka			
		Describe the role and function of MOH related to public health service provision as a community			
		physician, health care manager and administrator			
		Describe the technical support available for MOH of national and regional level			
Maternal and Child Health	1 hour	Should be able to describe how maternal and child health improved over the years		Dr. DSD	Lecture
MCH)		Should be aware of the history and the important mile stones of MCH in Sri Lanka.			
		Should be aware of the evolution of the programme from Family health Care to Reproductive			
		Health Concept.			
		Should be able to describe the major components of Safe Motherhood Concept			
		Should be able to describe the concerns and issues of reproductive health and its importance in			
		relation to maternal and child health			
		Should be able to describe the role of Family Health Bureau in Sri Lanka			
		Able to discuss the medical and non-medical factors that led to a reduction in infant and maternal			
		mortality over the years.			
Ante-natal, natal	3 hours	Should be able to describe preconception, ante-natal, natal and post natal care of the mother.		Dr. DSD	Lecture
ind post natal care		Should be able to describe the role of the Public Health Midwife (PHM) in domiciliary ante-natal			
		and post-natal care and the care of the new born			
		Should be able to list the functions of the Medical Officer of Health (MOH) and the Public health			
		Nurse (PHN) in delivering maternal and child health at a community level			
		Should know the objectives and the usefulness of antenatal classes conducted in the community			
		Should be able to discuss how the MCH care is shared between the community and tertiary care			
		institutions and the drawbacks of the functioning system.			
		Should be able to list the risk conditions during pregnancy			
		Should be able to list the screening procedures used to identify the high risk mothers			
		Should be able to describe the strategies used in Sri Lanka to eliminate neonatal tetanus,			
		congenital rubella and congenital syphilis			
		Should know the basic requirements for safe intra-natal care			
		Should be able to describe the postnatal care (eg. Domicilliary care, postnatal clinics)			

		Should be able to describe about the diet, weight gain, nutritional supplements in pregnancy and during lactation Should be aware of the danger signs among antenatal and postnatal mothers and in the newborn Should be aware of the minor ailments during pregnancy and in the postpartum period and know how to manage then at the community level Get the updates of MCH care - eg. Maternal Care Package in 2012		
Breast feeding	2 hours	Should be able to describe the importance of breast feeding on MCH Should be able to describe what is meant by exclusive breast feeding. Should be able to describe the advantages of breast feeding to the mother and the baby Should be able to describe the mechanisms involved in successful breast feeding and reasons for the failure of exclusive breast feeding Should be able to describe how breast feeding could be continued in special situations. eg: working mother, breast engorgement/ mastitis, preterm baby, baby with a cleft palate Should be aware of the baby friendly hospital initiative and describe the steps taken to promote successful breast feeding.	MD	Lecture/ Discussion
Maternal mortality and morbidity	2 hours	Should be able to define maternal mortality, list the causes of it and describe its prevention Should be able to define a 'maternal death', direct obstetric death, indirect obstetric death and late maternal deaths. Should be able to list the causes of maternal mortality in Sri Lanka. Should be able to state the current rates in maternal mortality Should be able to describe the procedure of maternal death investigation and its importance Should be able to apply the '3 delay model' to investigate maternal deaths Should be able to discuss the possible measures for further reduction of maternal deaths in Sri Lanka. Should be able to discuss the importance of investigating severe maternal morbidity ('near miss inquiry') Should be able to describe the MCH information system prevailing in Sri Lanka	Dr. DSD	Lecture
Infant mortality and morbidity	1 hour	Should be able to describe the causes and prevention of neonatal, infant and child mortality Recall the common infant and childhood mortality indicators Should be able list the common causes of morbidity and mortality in infancy and childhood Should be able to compare the common causes of infant and childhood mortality and morbidity	Dr. DSD	Lecture

Family Planning	<ul> <li>in Sri Lanka with that of the world</li> <li>Should be able to describe the care received by infants and pre-school children at field poly clinic and at home</li> <li>Should be able to describe the measures that are taken to reduce infant and childhood mortality</li> <li>in Sri Lanka</li> <li>Should be aware of the Millennium Development Goal 4 and Sri Lankan scenario in relation to MDG 4</li> <li>3 hours</li> <li>3 hours</li> </ul>	Dr. DSD	Lecture
ramiiy Planning	Should be able to discuss the role of family planning in fleatth profilotion. Should be able to describe what is 'family planning' (FP) Should be able to discuss the health benefits of FP on women, children, family and the nation. Should be able to define the terms used in FP. eg: 'eligible couples', couple protection rate, contraceptive prevalence and replacement fertility. Should be able to categorize the contraceptive methods (eg- modern, traditional, natural/ permanent, temporary) and list the available methods under each category. Should be able to describe the modes of actions, when and how they should be used, their effectiveness, possible side effects and contraindications of each method. Should be able to workout the suitable method/s of F.P. for a couple/ individual according to their needs and other health related conditions. Should be able to list the methods of emergency contraception and discuss their role Should he able to list the methods of emergency contraception and discuss their role Should he able to describe and carryout family planning counseling.		Lecture
Early Childhood Care and Development (ECCD)	1 hour       Should be able to describe the importance and the implications of early childhood care and development (ECCD)         Should be able to explain the WHO definition of early childhood.         Should be able to describe the importance of having an ECCD programme in Sri Lanka         Should be able to discuss what young children need for proper physical, mental and psycho-social development         Should be able to list the factors which can have negative impacts on ECCD         Should be able to discuss the strategies to improve the early childhood development	Dr. DSD	Lecture
Adolescent Health	<ul> <li><sup>3 hours</sup> Should be able to describe the health problems of adolescents and the ways of improving their health</li> <li>Should be able to describe the WHO definition of an adolescent, stages of adolescence, young people and youth</li> <li>Should be able to describe the physical, psychological and social changes occurring during the adolescence and their impacts on well-being of an adolescent</li> </ul>	Dr. DSD	Lecture (1 hr) Student Preparation for SGD

	I	Should be able to list the factors influencing the healthy development of an adolescent		( 1 hr)
		Should be able to discuss the health problems among adolescents.		
		eg: suicides, accidents, drug abuse, unplanned pregnancies etc		
		Should be able to discuss the prevention and management of health problems among adolescents.		SGD
		Should be aware of the activities carried out to improve the adolescent health in Sri Lanka		(1 hr)
Sexual & Reproductive	2 hours	Define an emergency and explain why SRH is important in an emergency	Dr. DSD	Lecture
Health (SRH) in Crises		Describe the components of the Minimum Initial Service Package (MISP) in crises		
		Know the activities carriedout in MISP to ensure SRH		
		Know where to access key tools and resources to support implementation of SRH in crises		
		List the important service components of comprehensive SRH during post crisis		
The relevance of the	1 hour	To describe the Concepts of occupational Health	Dr.KP	Lecture
discipline 'Occupational		To know the History of occupational Health		
Health' for a Country				
Occupational Hazard	2 hours	Be able to list occupational Hazards and their implications		Lecture
The role of the Primary Care	1 hour	To be able to describe and discuss	Dr.KP	Preparation
Physician in the delivery of		Pre-employment and periodic assessment fitness to return to work		for SGD
Occupational Health				SGD
Services				
Factory Inspection	1 hour	To be able to define a factory and be aware of functions of PHI and Factory Inspecting Engineer	Dr.KP	Lecture
		in the procedure of Factory Inspection		
Occupational Health	2 hours	To be able to	Dr. WP	Lecture
Problems in Sri Lanka &		Describe common occupational health problems in Sri Lanka.		
functions of occupational		Functions of occupational hygiene division		
hygiene division				
Occupational Epidemiology	1 hour	Should be able to	Dr.KP	Lecture
1		To calculate prevalence and incidence of occupational diseases		
		To interpret exposure assessment		
		To calculate mortality by indirect standardization		
Occupational Epidemiology	1 hour	Should be able to	Dr.KP	Lecture
11		To calculate mortality by direct standardization		
		To work out and apply proportional mortality ratios		
Legal aspects in	1 hour	To know the components of the factory ordinance	Dr.KP	Lecture

Occupational Health		To be aware of new legislature about to be enforced			
Epidemiology of	1 hour	Be able to	D	r.ST	Lecture
Non Communicable		List the risk factors for Diabetes Mellitus Type II			
Diseases I		List the factors which have led to the increase in the incidence Diabetes Mellitus Type II in the			
		world and in Sri Lanka			
		List the complications of diabetes mellitus and how they are brought about.			
		List the preventive measures that could be taken to reduce the incidence of Diabetes Mellitus.			
Epidemiology of	1 hour	Be able to	D	r.ST	Lecture
Non Communicable	1	list the rsik factors for cardiovascular diseases			
Diseases II	1	understand the impact of cardiovascular diseases on the family, society, the country and the world			
		critically evaluate the preventive measures employed by health sector in the world and in Sri Lanka			
		be aware of the guidelines for prevention of NCDs in the primary health care setting in Sri Lanka			
Epidemiology of	1 hour	Be able to	D	r.ST	Student
Cancer		List the common cancers in Sri Lanka			preparation
		List the risk factors for the common cancers			for Seminar
		List the impact of cancers on the family, society and Country.			
		List the preventive measures that could be taken to reduce the incidence of cancer			
		List the screening programmes available for cancer			
	1 hour	List the services available in Sri Lanka for patients with Cancer			Seminar
Management of Disasters	2 hours	Be able to	D	r.ST	Lecture
		Define the term 'disaster'			
		List the types of disasters			
		Describe short term and long term health hazards following different types of disasters			
-	1	Describe the role of rapid health assessment in disaster management			
		Describe the role played by the health services in disaster management.			
	1	Environmental sanitation			
	1	Nutritional supplementation			
		Water supply			
		Understand the common mental health problems in disaster victims and their management			

		(eg: Post Traumatic Stress Disorders)	1 1	
		State the role played by the social service department, non – governmental organizations and		
		general public in disaster management.		
		State the role played by the social service department, non – governmental organizations and		
		general public in disaster management		
Control of Leprosy	1 hour	They should have the skill to understand epidemiological indications and to assess Leprosy	MD	Lecture
		situations at local levels		
		They should be aware of the information flow of the leprosy data		
		They should be familiar with the drug distribution and monitoring		
		The role of various stake holders in the Dept of Health with regard to Leprosy		
		They should be able to educate the community on basic facts of Leprosy with a view of eliminating		
		stigma associated with leprosy		
		The student should have skill and knowledge to diagnose and manage at the local level		
Control of Tuberculosis	2 hours	To be aware of the trends in Tuberculosis in the world and epidemiology of Tuberculosis in SriLanka	Dr.AS	Lecture
		Current strategies adopted to control TB in Sri Lanka & the rationale behind them		
Control of Filaria	1 hour	Should know	MD	Lecture
		Epidemiology of Filaria & Filaria as a public health problem in Sri Lanka		
		Functions of the Filaria Control Programme		
		Current strategies control Filaria in Sri Lanka		
Control of Rabies	1 hour	Should be familiar with the modern rabies prevention technique	Prof.AJ	Lecture
		Should be familiar with the strategies and activities conducted in Sri Lanka for prevention of rabies		
Control of STI	2 hours	Should be able to	Dr. RJ	Lecture
		Describe the epidemiology of Sexually Transmitted Infections in Sri Lanka		
		List the function of STI/ HIV control programme in Sri Lanka		
		Describe the current strategies in control of STI/ HIV in Sri Lanka		
Disability as a public	1 hour	Must be able to define "Disability"	Dr. SN	Lecture
health problem		Must be aware of the types of disabilities & prevalence in Sri Lanka		
		Must know the prevailing services for disabled & preventive measures for disability		